HTTP cache headers

What browsers, proxies and CDNs may keep from an Exponential site: the default no-cache page headers, cacheable headers for anonymous visitors only, static file lifetimes under Velocity and Apache, and the role-aware...

Source file: `doc/eng-us/help/hosting/performance/http-cache-headers.md` Last changed 2026-11-04
https://doc.exponential.earth/exphelp/viewer/help/hosting/performance/http-cache-headers.md

This page is for system administrators at hosting companies who put browsers, proxies or a CDN to work for customer sites. It answers: which headers an Exponential site sends by default, how to make pages cacheable for anonymous visitors without ever exposing a signed-in page, how long static files may be kept, and what the role-aware HTTP cache adds. The sources are HTTP caching for anonymous visitors and The role-aware HTTP cache.

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The defaults

Every page response carries, unless configured otherwise:

```
Cache-Control: no-cache, must-revalidate
Expires: Mon, 26 Jul 1997 05:00:00 GMT
Pragma: no-cache
```

So no browser, proxy or CDN may keep a page. That is the safe default for a host: nothing personal can leak through a shared cache you did not configure. The kernel also sends its security headers on pages (`site.ini [HTTPHeaderSettings] SecurityHeaders[]`: `X-Content-Type-Options`, `X-Frame-Options`, a `frame-ancestors` Content Security Policy, `Referrer-Policy`, `Permissions-Policy`).

Cacheable pages for anonymous visitors

The settings have always existed and ship off (`CustomHeader=disabled`). To switch them on, in `settings/override/site.ini.append.php`:

INI

```ini
[HTTPHeaderSettings]
CustomHeader=enabled
OnlyForAnonymous=enabled
OnlyForContent=enabled

HeaderList[]
HeaderList[]=Cache-Control
HeaderList[]=Expires

Cache-Control[]
Cache-Control[/]=public, max-age=60
Expires[]
Expires[/]=60
```

Then `php bin/php/ezcache.php --clear-tag=ini --allow-root-user` (and restart Velocity, which holds settings in memory).

- `OnlyForAnonymous` **is what makes this safe.** A signed-in editor always receives the original no-cache headers, so a personalized page is never handed to a shared cache. Never offer the setting without it.
- `Expires` is given in seconds; the kernel converts it to a date.
- The trade is staleness: an anonymous visitor may see a page up to `max-age` seconds old after an edit. "Sixty seconds is short enough that nobody publishing notices, and long enough to absorb a burst of traffic."
- When a configured header overrides `Cache-Control`, the kernel drops the default `Pragma: no-cache`, so a proxy is not confused by contradicting headers.

Static files

Server	Setting	Default
Velocity	`velocity.ini [ServerSettings] StaticMaxAge`	`31536000` (one year)
FrankenPHP	the same setting, written into the generated Caddyfile	as above
Apache	`mod_expires` rules in the virtual host; doc/eng-us/examples/ezpublish.conf has an example	none until you add them
nginx	your own headers in the server block	none until you add them

Measured on the front page of a test site: 41 assets, all revalidated on every view before, none after. "This does not make a first visit faster. It makes every later visit and every in-site navigation cost 41 fewer round trips" (HTTP caching). A file replaced under the same name is not fetched again until its lifetime ends, which matters to customers who edit stylesheets in place; the ezjscore packer appends the modification time to packed file names when `ezjscore.ini [Packer] AppendLastModifiedTime=enabled`, as the Apache example notes.

The role-aware HTTP cache

Off by default (`settings/httpcache.ini`, `Enabled=disabled`). When on, it stores each content view per **permission context**: anonymous, a role context shared by every user with the same roles and limitations, or a private context for one user. The next request in the same context is

answered before the kernel starts:

- under Apache, PHP-FPM or FrankenPHP by an early exit included from `config.php`;
- under Velocity by the server process itself, before a worker is woken.

To switch it on: `Enabled=enabled` in `settings/override/httpcache.ini.append.php`, include the early exit from `config.php` (Apache, PHP-FPM, FrankenPHP), keep sessions in files every server can read, and restart Velocity (HTTP cache, Switching it on).

Setting	Default	Meaning
`CachedSiteAccesses[]`	`site`	which siteaccesses are cached
`MaxAge`	`3600`	longest life of a page even if nothing purges it
`StaleWhileRevalidate`	`60`	an expired page served as STALE while one request renders it again
`ContentChangePurges`	`all`	any content change purges every page; `tags` only the pages showing what changed
`QueryStringParameters[]`	none	pages with any other query parameter are not cached
`APCu`	enabled	hot entries in APCu in front of the files
`MaxBodySize`	2 MB	larger pages are not stored

Never cached: POST and other writes, responses other than 200, responses that set a cookie, pages whose template sets `cache_ttl=0`, anything not a content view, and a page carrying the debug report of its request. Form tokens are taken out of the stored page and the visitor's own put back on every hit. The `cache_cleanup` cronjob part removes dead entries.

> **Note**
>
> Keep `ContentChangePurges=all` unless the customer knows their templates: operators that read content in ways the cache cannot tag are why `all` is the default.

Purge tags for a proxy in front

`[HttpCacheSettings] TagHeader` names each page's purge tags in one header for a purging proxy in front: `xkey` (Varnish xkey module), `Surrogate-Key` (Fastly) or `Cache-Tag` (Cloudflare). It is `disabled` by default because the tags name internal ids. Exponential itself sends nothing to the proxy; purging it is your job. See Varnish and reverse proxies.

Checks

Check both directions: the anonymous response must be cacheable, and a signed-in response never.

Shell

```
curl -sI https://example.com/ | grep -i -E "cache-control|expires|pragma|x-exp-cache"
curl -sI -H 'Cookie: <session cookie of a signed-in test user>' https://example.com/ | grep -i ca
che-control
```

Expected with the settings above: `Cache-Control: public, max-age=60` for the anonymous request and `Cache-Control: no-cache, must-revalidate` for the signed-in one. With the HTTP cache on, `X-Exp-Cache` says `HIT`, `STALE`, `MISS (reason)` or `BYPASS (reason)`; Setup >

System information has an "HTTP cache (role-aware)" box with the hit rate and why requests missed. Use a test account for the signed-in check, never a customer's.

Checklist

- ☐ Page headers switched on only with `OnlyForAnonymous=enabled`.
- ☐ Signed-in responses checked to stay `no-cache`.
- ☐ Static file lifetimes set on the server; customers told that in-place edits of static files are cached.
- ☐ HTTP cache: early exit included (non-Velocity), sessions in shared files, `cache_cleanup` cronjob running.
- ☐ `TagHeader` switched on only when a purging proxy reads it.

Related pages

- Caching layers
- Varnish and reverse proxies
- CDN
- The role-aware HTTP cache
- Free documentation: this page is free to copy, translate and improve under the GNU FDL 1.3.

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